Bloomingdale Public Library A Component Unit of the Village of Bloomingdale, Illinois

Financial Report April 30, 2012

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the Library Board of Trustees Bloomingdale Public Library Bloomingdale, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomingdale Public Library, Illinois, a component unit of the Village of Bloomingdale, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bloomingdale Public Library's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomingdale Public Library, Illinois, as of April 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1, as of May 1, 2011, the Library adopted the reporting and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 – 10), schedules of funding progress (pages 29 – 30) and budgetary schedules (page 31) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bloomingdale Public Library's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules listed in the table of contents as supplementary information (pages 33 – 39) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bloomingdale Public Library's basic financial statements. The other information listed in the table of contents (pages 40 - 41) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

McGladrey LCP

Chicago, Illinois July 11, 2012

Required Supplemental Information

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended April 30, 2012

The discussion and analysis of Bloomingdale Public Library's (the Library) financial performance provides an overall review of the Library's financial activities for the year ended April 30, 2012. The management of the Library encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Library's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Library exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$6,634,128. Of this amount, \$2,859,854 may be used to meet the Library's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- In total, net assets decreased by \$115,604. The Decrease can be attributed to depreciation expense and loss on disposal of capital assets exceeding capital asset additions by \$138,353.
- General revenues were \$2,712,180 or 98.5% of all revenues. Program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services, grants, and contributions were \$39,409 or 1.5% of total revenues of \$2,751,589.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Library's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements.
- Fund financial statements.
- Notes to the financial statements.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended April 30, 2012

Figure A-1 Organization of Bloomingdale Public Library's Annual Financial Report



This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended April 30, 2012

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all Library assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Library's net assets changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net assets are reported when assets are earned and liabilities are incurred.

The government-wide financial statements present the Library functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The Library has no business-type activities; that is, functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The Library's governmental activities include general library services, adult services and youth services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Library funds are considered governmental funds (the Library maintains no proprietary funds or fiduciary funds).

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Library's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended April 30, 2012

The Library maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balances of the General Fund and Building Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental fund is included in a single, aggregated presentation.

The Library adopts an annual budget for each of the funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Building Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Library's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net assets. The Library's net assets decreased by 1.7% compared to the prior year. At year-end, total net assets were \$6,634,128 (see Table 1).

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Assets						
	<u>2012</u> <u>2011</u>					
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$5,771,078 \$5,792,919 <u>3,632,679</u> <u>3,771,032</u> <u>9,403,757</u> <u>9,563,951</u>					
Liabilities, Other liabilities	<u>2,769,629</u>					
Net assets: Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	3,632,679 3,771,032 141,595 141,595 <u>2,859,854</u> <u>2,837,105</u> \$6,634,128 \$6,749,732					

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended April 30, 2012

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets			Changes in net assets. The Library's total revenues were \$2.8 million. Taxes were 97.4% of
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	the total or \$2.68 million. Real estate taxes increased by 0.9% over the prior year for a total increase of \$25 thousand due to allowable annual
Revenues:			tax increases.
Program revenues:	¢ 00.400	¢ 00 040	
Charges for services Operating grants	\$ 32,499	\$ 39,612	State aid brought in an additional \$23 thousand of
and			the total revenues, which is consistent with the
contributions	6,910	5,906	prior year.
General revenues:			The remaining \$45 thousand came from fees
Taxes	2,683,269		charged for services and miscellaneous sources.
State grants	23,482	23,463	This is a decrease of \$7 thousand over the prior
Other	5,429	6,534	year and can be attributed to a decrease in fines
Total revenues	2,751,589	2,734,761	and fees collected.
Expenses:			
General library	2,648,144	2,585,832	The total cost of all programs and services was
Adult services	167,189	169,846	\$2.9 million. The Library's expenses are
Youth services	51,860	46,774	predominantly related to providing library services
Total expenses		2,802,452	to the residents of the Village of Bloomingdale
Change in net assets	(115,604)	(67,691)	(salary and benefit, administration, building
Beginning	6,749,732	<u>6,817,423</u>	maintenance and materials purchase costs, etc.).
Ending	<u>\$ 6,634,128</u>	<u>\$6,749,732</u>	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended April 30, 2012





Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended April 30, 2012

Financial Analysis of the Library's Funds

As the Library completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$3.0 million. Revenues for the Library's governmental activities were \$2.8 million, while total expenditures were \$2.7 million.

The General Fund experienced a current year operating surplus after other financing uses of \$54,614. This surplus resulted in a year-end fund balance of \$2,274,861. This surplus is consistent with the prior year surplus.

The fund balance in the Building Fund decreased by \$26,888. This decrease is a result of total capital and maintenance expenditures increasing in the current year due to several large projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

While the Library's budget for the General Fund anticipated that expenditures would exceed revenues by \$91,972 before other financing sources (uses), the actual result for the year was \$154,614 surplus before transfer of \$100,000. Expenses were lower than anticipated due to the majority of expenditure line items coming in below budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets

By the end of 2012, the Library had invested \$7.4 million (before accumulated depreciation of \$3.8 million) in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings and improvements and equipment and furniture (computer, audio-visual, and furniture) and land (See Table 3). (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.)

Depreciation expense for the year was \$267,112 additions to buildings and improvements, and equipment and furniture amounted to \$128,759.

 2012		2011
\$ 3,040,307 592,372	\$	3,164,889 606,143
\$ 3,632,679	\$	3,771,032
\$ <u>\$</u>	\$ 3,040,307 592,372	\$ 3,040,307 \$ 592,372

The additions included building renovations, computers, equipment and furniture.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended April 30, 2012

Factors Bearing on the Library's Future

The Library was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future at April 30, 2012.

• The Library's ability to generate tax receipts is directly linked to the value of the property within the Village of Bloomingdale. Any adverse effect on property values will limit the ability of the Library to generate revenue.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the Library's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Library's finances and to demonstrate the Library's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Bloomingdale Public Library, 101 Fairfield Way, Bloomingdale, Illinois 60108.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets April 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities		
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,093,602		
Property taxes receivable	2,630,943		
Due from other governments	22,579		
Prepaid items	23,954		
Total current assets	5,771,078		
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets being depreciated, net	3,632,679		
Total assets	\$ 9,403,757		
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 19,481		
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	100,720		
Unearned revenue, property taxes	2,630,943		
Total current liabilities	2,751,144		
Long-term Liabilities			
Other post employment benefits obligation	18,485		
Total liabilities	2,769,629		
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets	3,632,679		
Restricted for:			
Youth services	35,500		
Working cash	106,095		
Unrestricted	2,859,854		
Total net assets	6,634,128		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 9,403,757		

Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2012

						Net (Expense), Revenue and Changes in
			Program			Net Assets
					perating	•
	_		harges for		rants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Activities
Governmental activities:						
Library services:	* • • • • • • •	•	~~	•		
General library	\$2,648,144	\$	32,499	\$	6,910	\$ (2,608,735)
Adult services	167,189		-		-	(167,189)
Youth services	51,860	<u>_</u>	-	<u>^</u>	-	(51,860)
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,867,193	\$	32,499	\$	6,910	(2,827,784)
General revenues: Taxes:						
Property taxes, le	vied for general p	urpo	ses			2,679,713
Replacement taxe	es					3,556
Grants and contribu	tions not restricte	d to	specific pro	gram	S	23,482
Interest						5,329
Other						100
Total general re	venues					2,712,180
Net assets	Change in net	asse	ets			(115,604)
May 1, 2011						6,749,732
April 30, 2012						\$ 6,634,128

Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds April 30, 2012

		General Fund		Building Fund		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,371,108	\$	686,994		35,500	\$	3,093,602
Property taxes receivable		2,630,943		-		-		2,630,943
Due from other governments		22,579		-		-		22,579
Prepaid items		23,954		-		-		23,954
Total assets	\$	5,048,584	\$	686,994	\$	35,500	\$	5,771,078
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	19,481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,481
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	Ŧ	100,720	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	100,720
Deferred revenue		2,653,522		-		-		2,653,522
Total liabilities		2,773,723		-		-		2,773,723
Fund balances								
Nonspendable:								
Permanent fund principal		-		-		35,500		35,500
Prepaid items		23,954		-		-		23,954
Restricted for working cash		106,095		-		-		106,095
Assigned for capital projects		-		686,994		-		686,994
Unassigned		2,144,812		-		-		2,144,812
Total fund balances		2,274,861		686,994		35,500		2,997,355
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	5,048,584	\$	686,994	\$	35,500	\$	5,771,078

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets April 30, 2012

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,997,355
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	3,632,679
Revenues that are deferred in the fund financial statements because they are not available are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements	22,579
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net assets do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds: Other post employment benefits obligation	 (18,485)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 6,634,128
Cap Notas to Dasia Financial Statements	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2012

	General Fund	Building Fund	Vonmajor vernmental Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 2,679,713	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,679,713
Intergovernmental:					
Grants	24,290	-	-		24,290
Replacement taxes	3,556	-	-		3,556
Co-sponsored projects	5,500	-	-		5,500
Fines and fees	27,545	-	-		27,545
Charges for services	5,054	-	-		5,054
Donations	1,410	-	-		1,410
Interest	4,624	-	705		5,329
Total revenues	2,751,692	-	705		2,752,397
Expenditures: Current:					
General library	2,378,734	126,888	-		2,505,622
Adult services	167,189	-	-		167,189
Youth services	51,155	-	705		51,860
Total expenditures	2,597,078	126,888	705		2,724,671
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	154,614	(126,888)	-		27,726
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	100,000	-		100,000
Transfers out	(100,000)	-	-		(100,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(100,000)	100,000	-		-
Net change in fund balances	54,614	(26,888)	-		27,726
Fund balances:					
May 1, 2011 (as restated)	2,220,247	713,882	35,500		2,969,629
April 30, 2012	\$ 2,274,861	\$ 686,994	\$ 35,500	\$	2,997,355

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds	\$ 27,726
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Revenues that are deferred in the fund financial statements because they are not available are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements	(808)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures paid while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the lives of the assets. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.	
Capital outlays	128,759
Depreciation expense	(267,112)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:	
Increase in other post employment benefits obligation	 (4,169)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (115,604)
See Notes to Basic Financial Statements	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Bloomingdale Public Library provides library services to the residents of the Village of Bloomingdale, Illinois. The Library is governed by a seven-member board which is elected by the public. The Library is dependent on the Village of Bloomingdale's overall ability to levy taxes and to issue bonds and is, therefore, considered to be a component unit of the Village of Bloomingdale, Illinois.

The accounting policies of the Bloomingdale Public Library conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- (1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- (2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government.

Based upon the application criteria, no component units have been included within the reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report the overall financial activity of the Library. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities of the Library. The financial activities of the Library consist of governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the Library's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Library's policy to use restricted resources first to finance qualifying activities, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (i.e., library services) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs (including fines and fees), and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The fund financial statements provide information about the Library's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The Library has the following major governmental funds - General Fund and Building Fund. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The Library administers the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Library, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Building Fund** is used to account for the resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, and major maintenance of capital facilities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Library gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include various taxes, state-shared revenues and various state, federal and local grants. On an accrual basis, revenues from taxes are recognized when the Library has a legal claim to the resources. Grants, entitlements, state-shared revenues and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Library considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year (60 days for property taxes).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Significant revenue sources which are susceptible to accrual include property taxes, other taxes, grants, charges for services, and interest. All other revenue sources are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due (upon employee retirement or termination). General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices for same or similar investments.

Property taxes

Property taxes receivable represent the 2011 property tax levy and were recognized as a receivable at the time they were levied. The 2011 tax levy was passed by the Board on May 11, 2012, and attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of the preceding January 1. The taxes become due and collectible in June and September 2012, and are collected by the County Collector, who in turn remits to the Library its respective share. The Library receives the remittances from the County Treasurer approximately one month after collection. Since the 2011 tax levy is intended to finance the expenditures for the year ending April 30, 2013 the entire 2011 tax levy has been reflected as deferred revenue as of April 30, 2012. The 2010 property tax levy, together with any prior levy year collections, has been recognized as revenue for the year ended April 30, 2012.

The Library's 2011 corporate property tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation was 0.2835.

Interfund Transfers – Represent flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (excluding salvage value). Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight-line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 years
Equipment and furniture	3 - 20 years

The Library capitalizes all assets with a cost over \$1,000 and a useful life greater than 1 year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Unearned/Deferred Revenues

The Library reports unearned revenues on its statement of net assets (GWFS) and deferred revenues on the governmental funds balance sheet (FFS). Both unearned and deferred revenues arise when resources are received by the Library before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures or when resources are received by the Library before its use is budgeted for, as with property taxes. In addition, deferred revenue also arises in when the availability revenue recognition requirement is not met. In subsequent periods, when the Library has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and their revenue is recognized.

Compensated Absences

It is the Library's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Library does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate service from the Library. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirement. The General Fund is used to liquidate these liabilities.

Fund Balance

Effective May 1, 2011, the Library adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 (GASB 54), *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in the governmental funds. In addition, GASB 54 modified certain fund type definitions and provided guidance for classification of stabilization amounts on the face of the balance sheet. Pursuant to this guidance, the Library was required to report fund balances previously reported in the working cash fund (special revenue fund) as part of the general fund. As a result, the Library restated its beginning fund balance in the general fund by \$106,095 in order to properly reflect the restricted stabilization amount which was previously reported in the working cash funds.

Within the governmental fund types, the Library's fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Library removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The Library's highest level of decision-making authority rests with the Library's Board of Trustees. The Library passes formal resolutions to commit their fund balances.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Fund Balances (continued)

Assigned – includes amounts that are constrained by the Library's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: a) the Library's Board of Education itself; or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Library's Board of Trustees has not delegated authority to any other body or official to assign amounts for a specific purpose within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purpose and approved budget/appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned.

Unassigned – includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the general fund and unassigned deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

It is the Library's policy to consider restricted resources to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (i.e. committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances) are available, followed by committed and then assigned fund balances. Unassigned amounts are used only after the other resources have been used.

Under the State of Illinois Municipal Code (Municipal Code), the Library is authorized to incur indebtedness and issue bonds and to levy a tax annually on all taxable property of the Library in order to enable the Library to have in its treasury at all time sufficient money to meet demands thereon. These funds may be lent to other Library governmental funds in need, but may only be expended for other purposes upon the passage of a resolution by the Board of Trustee to abolish or abate the fund. On April 30, 2012, the Library had fund balances of \$106,095 that have been restricted pursuant to the Municipal Code as working cash stabilization funds.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Cash and Investments

Deposits

State statues authorize the Library to make deposits in interest bearing depository accounts in federally insured and/or state chartered banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions. As of April 30, 2012, the Library had deposits with federally insured financial institutions of \$161,770 with bank balances totaling \$163,171.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. As of April 30, 2012, none of the Library's bank balance of \$163,171 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

As of April 30, 2012, the Library has the following investments:

Investment type	Fair Value
Illinois Funds Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund	\$ 1,902,686 1,029,146
	\$ 2,931,832

Interest Rate Risk. The Library's investment policy does not limit the Library's investment portfolio to specific maturities. None of the Library's investments are subject to interest rate risk.

The Illinois Funds Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC. The pool is sponsored by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois, in accordance with State law. The fair value of the position in the Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares.

Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (I.M.E.T) is a not-for-profit investment fund formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. I.M.E.T is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Credit Risk. State statute allows the Library to invest in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury or agencies of the United States, and short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000. The Library is also authorized to invest in the Illinois Funds and I.M.E.T. Investments in Illinois Funds were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and I.M.E.T investments are not rated. The Library's investment policy does not address credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Library's investment policy does not restrict the amount of investments in any one issuer. All of the Library's investments are in Illinois Funds and I.M.E.T.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Illinois Funds and I.M.E.T held by the Library are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities of the Library for the year ended April 30, 2012, is as follows:

	Balance May 1, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance April 30, 2012	
Governmental activities:					
Building and improvements	\$ 5,889,783	\$ 28,633	\$-	\$ 5,918,416	
Equipment and furniture	1,448,521	100,126	19,384	1,529,263	
Total capital assets	7,338,304	128,759	19,384	7,447,679	
Less accumulated depreciation: Building and improvements Equipment and furniture	(2,724,894) (842,378)	(153,215) (113,897)	- (19,384)	(2,878,109) (936,891)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,567,272)	(267,112)	(19,384)	(3,815,000)	
Governmental activities Capital assets, net	\$ 3,771,032	\$ (138,353)	\$-	\$ 3,632,679	

The entire balance of depreciation expense was charged to general library.

Note 4. Changes in Compensated Absences

A summary of transactions of the Library for the year ended April 30, 2012, is as follows:

Balance, May 1, 2011	\$ -
Compensated absences earned	92,577
Compensated absences paid	 (92,577)
Balance, April 30, 2012	\$

Note 5. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Library participates in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund through the Village of Bloomingdale, Illinois.

Plan Description. The Village and Library's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village and Library plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at <u>www.imrf.org</u>.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy. As set by statute, the Village and Library's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village and Library's annual required contribution rates for calendar year ended December 31, 2011 was 12.59 percent. The Village and Library also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. For 2011, the Village and Library's annual pension cost of \$908,561 for the regular plan was equal to the government's required and actual contributions.

Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
December 31, 2011	\$ 908,561	100%	\$-
December 31, 2010	889,747	100%	-
December 31, 2009	803,383	100%	-

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

The required contributions for 2011 were determined as part of the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2009, included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.0 percent a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4 percent to 10.0 percent per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3.0 percent annually. The actuarial value of the Village and Library's regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20 percent corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The Village and Library's regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at the December 31, 2009 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2011 the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 71.02 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$23,506,555 and the actuarial value of assets was \$16,694,425, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$6,812,130. The covered payroll for calendar year 2011 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$7,216,529 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 94 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Post Employment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description. Bloomingdale Public Library (Library) allows for retiree paid medical (including prescription drugs) coverage for eligible retirees. The current eligibility criteria for retirees is that employees must have accrued 8 years of service credit and be at least age 55 or the employee must be totally and permanently disabled. Spouses and dependents of employees are eligible to continue healthcare coverage provided they were enrolled in the plan at the time of retirement. This is a single-employer plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Retirees receive coverage under the Library's health plan with the retiree contribution set at the existing Library Plan premium rate for HMO. For fiscal year 2012, the Library's contribution to the plan, which is considered an implicit rate subsidy, was \$1,227.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Library's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Library's annual OPEB cost for the year ended April 30, 2012, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Library's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$ 5,301 570
Adjustment to annual required contribution Annual OPEB cost (expense)	 (475) 5,396
Contributions made	 1,227
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 4,169 14,316
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 18,485

The Library's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Year Ending	5		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
April 30, 2012 April 30, 2011 April 30, 2010	\$	5,396 5,050 5,160	22.7% 6.3% 5.3%	\$	18,485 14,316 9,622

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of May 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$39,581, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$39,581 The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$839,744 and the ratio of UAAL to covered payroll was 4.7 percent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Post Employment Healthcare Plan (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about the future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The retiree healthcare valuation was based on the entry age normal cost method, for the May 1, 2011 valuation. Under this method, each participant's projected benefits are assumed to be funded by annual installments, equal to a level percentage of compensation, payable from date of participation to assumed date of retirement. The total normal cost is the sum of the current year's annual installment determined for all active participants. The actuarial accrued liability is the excess value of the present value of future benefits for all participants (both active and retired) over the present value of future normal costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent discount rate, price inflation of 3.0 percent, wage inflation of 4.0 percent, and annual healthcare cost trend rate of 3.0 percent to 8.0 percent. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2012, was 29 years.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Note 7. Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction to assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Library carries commercial insurance for its workers compensation, general liability and property coverages. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage during any of the past three years.

For its employee medical insurance, the Library, through the Village of Bloomingdale, is a member of the Intergovernmental Personal Benefit Cooperative (IPBC) which is a public entity risk pool established by certain units of local government in Illinois to administer some or all of the personnel benefit programs offered by the members to their officers and employees and to the officers and employees of certain other quasi-governmental and nonprofit public service entities. IPBC acts as a public entity risk pool to receive, process, and pay such claims as may come within the benefit program of each member. All units participating in the IPBC pool their risks and funds and share in the cost of losses or surpluses.

Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative from each member. In addition, there is an Executive Committee comprised of a Chairman, a Vice Chairman, Treasurer, and the Chairs of two standing committees. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of IPBC beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

IPBC offers a PPO, HMO and life insurance plan for its members. The Library, however, only participates through the Village in the HMO and life insurance plan. For the HMO, the members pay in premiums of 115 percent of expected claims. The cooperative agreement provides that the IPBC HMO plan will be self-sustaining through member premiums.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Risk Management (Continued)

The Village, along with IPBC's other members, has a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IPBC attributable to a membership year during which it was a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits.

The Library provides commercial insurance for dental and vision. Employees are required to pay the full premium for these coverages.

Note 8. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Library offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, through the Village of Bloomingdale, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Library and Village employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employee contributions accumulate on a tax deferred basis until the employee withdraws the funds. There were no contributions made to the plan by the Library for the year ended April 30, 2012.

Note 9. Other Financial Disclosures (FFS Level Only)

Interfund transfers for the year ended April 30, 2012, were as follows:

Fund	 Transfer In Transfer		ransfer Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$	100,000
Building Fund	 100,000		
	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000

Interfund transfers are used to fund the acquisition, construction and major maintenance of capital facilities.

Note 10. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted

GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, will be effective for the Library beginning with its year ending April 30, 2014. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements.

GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows or Resources, Deferred Inflows or Resources, and Net Position,* will be effective for the Library beginning with its year ending April 30, 2013. The objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. It alleviates uncertainty about reporting those financial statement elements by providing guidance where none previously existed.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 10. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, will be effective for the Library beginning with its year ending April 30, 2014. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This Statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term *deferred* in financial statement presentations.

GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections – 2012 – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62,* will be effective for the Library beginning with its year ending April 30, 2014. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* This Statement amends Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues,* by removing the provision that limits fundbased reporting of an entity's risk financing activities to the general fund and the internal service fund type. This Statement also amends Statement 62 by modifying the specific guidance on accounting for (1) operating lease payments that vary from a straight-line basis, (2) the difference between the initial investment (purchase price) and the principal amount of a purchased loan or group of loans, and (3) servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold when the stated service fee rate differs significantly from a current (normal) servicing fee rate.

Required Supplementary Information
Required Supplementary Information Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Funding Progress

Schedule of Funding Progress: The Library participates in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund through the Village of Bloomingdale, Illinois. The data below represents the Village of Bloomingdale's funding progress.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/11	\$ 16,694,425	\$ 23,506,555	\$ 6,812,130	71.02	% \$ 7,216,529	94.40
12/31/10	14,775,595	21,502,072	6,726,477	68.72	7,670,236	87.70
12/31/09	17,619,828	24,060,707	6,440,879	73.23	7,993,857	80.57

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2011 is \$15,875,221. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 67.54%.

Required Supplementary Information Post Retirement Healthcare Plan

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	/	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) ntry Age (b)	ι	Jnfunded AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentag of Covere Payroll ((b-a)/c)	e
5/1/11 5/1/10 5/1/09	\$ - - -	\$	44,850 39,581 42,571	\$	44,850 39,581 42,571	- - -	%	\$ 873,334 839,744 797,183	5.14 4.71 5.34	%

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

	Original				
	and Final				
D	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:	\$ 0.050.000	¢	0.070.740	¢	00 74 4
Property taxes	\$ 2,658,999	\$	2,679,713	\$	20,714
Intergovernmental:			04.000		04.000
Grants	-		24,290		24,290
Replacement taxes	2,500		3,556		1,056
Co-sponsored projects	5,500		5,500		-
Fines and fees	30,500		27,545		(2,955)
Charges for services	10,000		5,054		(4,946)
Donations	2,000		1,410		(590)
Interest	12,000		4,624		(7,376)
Other	650		-		(650)
Total revenues	 2,722,149		2,751,692		29,543
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General library	2,574,883		2,378,734		196,149
Adult services	185,758		167,189		18,569
Youth services	53,480		51,155		2,325
Total expenditures	 2,814,121		2,597,078		217,043
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(91,972)		154,614		246,586
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	 -		(100,000)		(100,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (91,972)	=	54,614	\$	146,586
Fund balance:					
			2 220 247		
May 1, 2011 (as restated)			2,220,247	-	
April 30, 2012		\$	2,274,861	=	

See note to required supplementary information.

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The Library Director submits to the Library Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget resolution, which serves as a budget, for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget resolution includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b) Public hearings are conducted by the Village of Bloomingdale, Illinois, to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Subsequently, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- d) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general, special revenue and capital projects funds.
- e) Budgets for the general, special revenue and the capital projects funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- f) Budgetary authority lapses at year-end.
- g) State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with appropriation/budget." As under the Budget Act, transfers between line items and departments may be made by administrative action. Amounts to be transferred between funds would require Library Board approval. Legal budgetary control is maintained at fund level.
- h) Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted.

Supplementary Information

Combining Balance Sheet General Fund April 30, 2012

	General Account	Working Cash Account	Total General Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$ 2,265,013 2,630,943 22,579 23,954	\$ 106,095 - - -	\$ 2,371,108 2,630,943 22,579 23,954
Total assets	\$ 4,942,489	\$ 106,095	\$ 5,048,584
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and payroll taxes Deferred revenue	\$ 19,481 100,720 2,653,522	\$ - - -	\$ 19,481 100,720 2,653,522
Total liabilities	2,773,723	-	2,773,723
Fund balance Nonspendable: Prepaid items Restricted for working cash Unassigned Total fund balance	 23,954 - 2,144,812 2,168,766	- 106,095 - 106,095	23,954 106,095 2,144,812 2,274,861
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,942,489	\$ 106,095	\$ 5,048,584

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

	General Account	Working Cash Account	Total General Fund
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 2,679,713	\$ -	\$ 2,679,713
Intergovernmental:			
Grants	24,290	-	24,290
Replacement taxes	3,556	-	3,556
Co-sponsored projects	5,500	-	5,500
Fines and fees	27,545	-	27,545
Charges for services	5,054	-	5,054
Donations	1,410	-	1,410
Interest	4,624	-	4,624
Total revenues	 2,751,692	-	2,751,692
Expenditures: Current: General library Adult services Youth services Total expenditures	 2,378,734 167,189 51,155 2,597,078	- - -	2,378,734 167,189 51,155 2,597,078
Excess of revenues over expenditures	154,614	-	154,614
Other financing uses: Transfers out	 (100,000)		(100,000)
Net change in fund balance	54,614	-	54,614
Fund balance: May 1, 2011 (as restated)	 2,114,152	106,095	2,220,247
April 30, 2012	\$ 2,168,766	\$ 106,095	\$ 2,274,861

Balance Sheet General Account April 30, 2012 With Comparative Amounts for 2011

		2012	2011
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,265,013	\$ 2,206,186
Property taxes receivable		2,630,943	2,685,109
Due from other governments		22,579	23,387
Prepaid items		23,954	20,687
Total assets	\$	4,942,489	\$ 4,935,369
Liabilities and Fund Balance			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	19,481	\$ 26,104
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes		100,720	86,617
Deferred revenue		2,653,522	2,708,496
Total liabilities	1	2,773,723	2,821,217
Fund balance			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items		23,954	20,687
Unassigned		2,144,812	2,093,465
Total fund balance		2,168,766	2,114,152
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	4,942,489	\$ 4,935,369

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual General Account Year Ended April 30, 2012 With Comparative Totals for 2011

			_		
	Original				
			Astual		2011
	Budget		Actual		Actual
\$	2 658 999	\$	2 679 713	\$	2,655,161
Ψ	2,000,000	Ψ	2,070,710	Ψ	2,000,101
	-		24.290		76
	2.500		•		4,085
	•				5,500
	•		•		32,335
	•				7,277
	•		•		406
	•				5,829
	650		-		-
	2,722,149		2,751,692		2,710,669
	2,574,883		2,378,734		2,337,825
	185,758		167,189		169,846
	53,480		51,155		46,069
	2,814,121		2,597,078		2,553,740
	(91,972)		154,614		156,929
	-		(100,000)		(100,000)
\$	(91,972)	=	54,614		56,929
			2,114,152		2,057,223
		\$	2,168,766	\$	2,114,152
	\$	and Final Budget \$ 2,658,999 - 2,500 5,500 30,500 10,000 2,000 12,000 650 2,722,149 2,574,883 185,758 53,480 2,814,121 (91,972) -	and Final Budget \$ 2,658,999 \$ - 2,500 5,500 30,500 10,000 2,000 12,000 650 2,722,149 2,574,883 185,758 53,480 2,814,121 (91,972) - \$ (91,972)	and Final Budget Actual \$ 2,658,999 \$ 2,679,713 - 24,290 2,500 3,556 5,500 5,500 30,500 27,545 10,000 5,054 2,000 1,410 12,000 4,624 650 - 2,722,149 2,751,692 2,722,149 2,751,692 2,574,883 2,378,734 185,758 167,189 53,480 51,155 2,814,121 2,597,078 (91,972) 154,614 - (100,000) \$ (91,972) 54,614 2,114,152 2,114,152	and Final BudgetActual\$ $2,658,999$ \$ $2,679,713$ \$-24,2903,556 $5,500$ 3,556 $5,500$ 5,500 $30,500$ 27,545 $10,000$ 5,054 $2,000$ 1,410 $12,000$ 4,624 650 - $2,722,149$ $2,751,692$ $2,574,883$ $2,378,734$ $185,758$ $167,189$ $53,480$ $51,155$ $2,814,121$ $2,597,078$ $(91,972)$ $154,614$ - $(100,000)$ \$ $(91,972)$ $54,614$ $2,114,152$ $2,114,152$

Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual General Account Year Ended April 30, 2012 With Comparative Totals for 2011

With Comparative Totals for 2011	2012					
			012		_	
		Original				
		and Final				2011
X		Budget		Actual		Actual
Current:						
General library:						
Administrative:						
Salaries	\$	1,530,000	\$	1,504,207	\$	1,462,408
Health insurance		78,000		69,283		76,985
Social Security contributions		116,108		112,124		114,662
Illinois Municipal						
Retirement Fund contributions		194,475		182,436		173,477
Workers' compensation		8,500		7,095		7,349
Unemployment insurance		14,000		-		(182
Building and contents insurance		16,000		12,380		12,718
Public Officials liability insurance		3,000		2,179		2,179
Surety bonds		4,200		3,949		-
Telephone		11,000		16,251		8,218
Utilities		16,000		6,350		12,742
Postage		14,500		12,473		12,281
Printing		29,000		24,486		23,807
Legal fees		12,000		1,684		3,457
Audit expenses		12,000		11,502		11,175
Professional services		10,500		7,920		8,400
Publication of legal notices		1,200		571		368
Public information		16,400		5,777		11,921
Automated systems		66,000		63,050		62,539
OCLC		6,000		4,206		5,361
On-line services		110,500		99,314		99,909
Video/film Rental		500		-		-
Book repair		500		25		5
Programs - Special Events		27,000		24,504		20,113
Staff training and education		13,000		12,411		9,770
Administrative supplies		8,000		5,309		5,500
Copier supplies		11,000		11,016		12,058
		•				
Operating supplies		12,000 10,000		9,053 0 100		6,202 6,657
Office equipment		10,000		9,199 4,415		6,657
Audiovisual equipment		5,000 5,500		4,415		4,050
Co-sponsored projects		5,500		5,500		5,500
Donation purchases		3,000		1,052		-
Miscellaneous		4,000		817		607
Total administrative		2,368,883		2,230,538		2,180,236

(continued)

Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual General Account (continued) Year Ended April 30, 2012 With Comparative Totals for 2011

With Comparative Totals for 2011	2012					
		Original	012		_	
		and Final				2011
		Budget		Actual		Actual
General library: (continued)		0				
Maintenance:						
Building maintenance	\$	35,000	\$	27,873	\$	29,836
Equipment maintenance		19,000		12,550		17,238
Grounds maintenance		14,000		11,347		12,679
Janitorial		45,000		41,403		38,611
Total maintenance		113,000		93,173		98,364
Computer Services:						
Computer equipment		40,000		11,782		21,690
Computer software		20,000		13,034		6,967
Total computer services		60,000		24,816		28,657
Circ/Tech Services:						
Supplies		30,000		28,563		29,151
Local History:						
Materials		3,000		1,644		1,417
Total general library		2,574,883		2,378,734		2,337,825
Adult Services:						
Programs		8,800		7,978		8,638
Periodicals		11,000		10,621		10,224
Books - fiction		35,650		32,860		28,575
Books - nonfiction		63,850		51,617		61,681
Books- leased		14,658		14,655		13,465
Nonbook materials		51,800		49,458		47,263
Total adult services		185,758		167,189		169,846
Youth Services:						
Programs		10,000		10,195		8,685
Periodicals		1,480		1,219		1,261
Books - fiction		15,600		15,681		14,773
Books - nonfiction		14,400		13,641		12,443
Nonbook materials		12,000		10,419		8,907
Total youth services		53,480		51,155		46,069
Total	\$	2,814,121	\$	2,597,078	\$	2,553,740

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Building Fund Year Ended April 30, 2012

	C	Driginal and Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures: Current: General library: Maintenance	Ţ	224 500	Ŧ	126 999	Ŧ	07 610
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		224,500		126,888 (126,888)		97,612 97,612
Other financing sources: Transfers in				100,000		100,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	(224,500)	=	(26,888)	\$	197,612
Fund balance: May 1, 2011				713,882	_	
April 30, 2012			\$	686,994	=	

Other Information

Schedule of Assessed Valuations and Tax Rates Last Ten Tax Levy Years

					R	ate by	Fund		
Tax		Total			Illinois				
Levy	Assessed	Tax		Liability	Municipal		Unemployment		
Year	Valuation	Rate	General	Insurance	Retirement	Audit	Compensation	Bond	Maintenance
2011	\$ 928,022,344	0.2835	0.2835	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010	978,538,198	0.2744	0.2744	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	1,055,924,650	0.2527	0.2527	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008	1,062,466,960	0.2492	0.2492	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007	996,364,845	0.2632	0.2632	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	964,850,312	0.2670	0.2670	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	897,213,095	0.2866	0.2866	-	-	-	-	-	-
2004	826,664,811	0.3036	0.3036	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	758,806,096	0.3253	0.3253	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	711,102,189	0.3321	0.3321	-	-	-	-	-	-

Schedule of Extensions and Collections Last Ten Tax Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	Fiscal Year Collected	Extensions	Collections	Percent Collected	
2011	*	\$ 2,630,943	\$-	N/A	%
2010	2012	2,685,109	2,679,325	99.78	
2009	2011	2,668,322	2,655,042	99.50	
2008	2010	2,647,668	2,634,544	99.50	
2007	2009	2,622,432	2,614,835	99.71	
2006	2008	2,576,150	2,573,256	99.89	
2005	2007	2,571,413	2,565,900	99.79	
2004	2006	2,509,754	2,501,340	99.66	
2003	2005	2,468,396	2,466,628	99.93	
2002	2004	2,361,570	2,355,493	99.74	

* Collections for tax levy year 2011 will be in fiscal year 2013.